## ICPC Southeast USA Regional Contest

## Fixed Point Permutations

## Time limit: 1 second

A permutation of size $\boldsymbol{n}$ is a list of integers $\left(p_{1}, p_{2}, \ldots, p_{n}\right)$ from 1 to $\boldsymbol{n}$ such that each number appears exactly once.

The number of fixed points of a permutation is the number of indices $\boldsymbol{i}$ such that $p_{\boldsymbol{i}}=\boldsymbol{i}$.
Given three numbers $\boldsymbol{n}, \boldsymbol{m}$, and $\boldsymbol{k}$, find the $\boldsymbol{k}^{\text {th }}$ lexicographically smallest permutation of size $\boldsymbol{n}$ that has exactly $\boldsymbol{m}$ fixed points (or print $\mathbf{- 1}$ if there are fewer than $\boldsymbol{k}$ permutations that satisfy the condition).

## Input

The single line of input contains three space-separated integers

$$
\boldsymbol{n}(1 \leq \boldsymbol{n} \leq 50) \quad \boldsymbol{m}(0 \leq \boldsymbol{m} \leq \boldsymbol{n}) \quad \boldsymbol{k}\left(1 \leq \boldsymbol{k} \leq 10^{18}\right)
$$

where $\boldsymbol{n}$ is the size of the permutations, $\boldsymbol{m}$ is the number of desired fixed points, and the output should be the $\boldsymbol{k}^{t h}$ lexicographically smallest permutation of the numbers 1 to $\boldsymbol{n}$ that has exactly $\boldsymbol{m}$ fixed points.

## Output

Output the desired permutation on a single line as a sequence of $\boldsymbol{n}$ space-separated integers, or output -1 if no such permutation exists.

| Sample Input | Sample Output |
| :---: | :---: |
| 311 | 132 |
| 321 | -1 |
| 537 | 21345 |

